

Last updated: 9 November 2023

	<p>New Zealand</p> <p>Signed: 3 December 2008 Ratified: 22 December 2009 Entered into force: 1 August 2010</p>	
<p>Article 3 - Stockpile destruction and retention</p> <p>Does not have cluster munition stockpiles</p>		
<p>Article 4 - Clearance and risk reduction education</p> <p>Does not have any contamination in areas under its jurisdiction or control</p>		
<p>Article 5 - Victim assistance</p> <p>Does not have cluster munition victims</p>		
<p>Article 6 - International cooperation and assistance</p> <p>Provided financial assistance in 2022 for implementation of Articles 3 and 4 through the United Nations Mine Action Service, and Article 5 through the International Committee of the Red Cross</p> <p>Provided financial assistance in 2022 for mine action to: Cambodia, Colombia, Iraq, Lao PDR, Palestine, and the ASEAN Regional Mine Action Centre</p>		
<p>Article 7 - Transparency measures</p> <p>Initial transparency report submitted on 31 January 2011</p> <p>Annual reports submitted covering: 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, and 2022</p>		
<p>Article 9 - National implementation measures</p> <p>Enacted Cluster Munitions Prohibition Act 2009 that includes penal sanctions as required by the CCM</p> <p>Prepared model legislation for small States not possessing and not contaminated by cluster munitions (presented at 2MSP and available on the CCM website)</p> <p>Produced a short view to help States Parties implement the Convention's provisions domestically (presented at 10MSP and available on the CCM website)</p>		
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